GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
PLANNING
LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:1563
ANSWERED ON:29.11.2000
BASIC MINIMUM SERVICES
BRIJBHUSHAN SHARAN SINGH

Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have identified the top priority basic minimum services to be provided to the public;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) the amount allocated for this purpose during the current financial year, State- wise;

(d) whether any complaint has been received regarding the misutilisation of this amount;

(e) if so, the details thereof; and

(f) the action taken by the Government in this regard?

Answer

MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DISINVESTMENT, MINISTER OF STATE IN TH MINISTRIES OF PLANNING, STATISTICS & PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE REFORMS AND PUBLIC GRIEVANCES (SHRI ARUN SHOURIE)

(a) & (b) Yes, Sir. The Government have given priority to provision of basic services to the people residing both in rural and urban areas. Minimum Needs Programme (MNP) launched in the Fifth Five Year Plan was a coordinated attempt in this regard. The Basic Minimum Services (BMS) Programme taken up in pursuance of the Chief Minister's Conference recommendations, held in July, 1996 gave further impetus to the programme of providing basic services to people. The broad objective of the programme was to ensure that people have access to basic services in order to improve their quality of life.

The seven Basic Services identified for priority attention were:

1. 100 per cent coverage of provision of safe drinking water in rural and urban areas.

2. 100 per cent coverage of primary health service facilities in rural and urban areas.

3. Universalisation of primary education.

4. Provision of Public Housing Assistance to all shelterless poor families.

5. Supplementary Nutrition via Extension of Mid-Day Meal Programme in primary schools to all rural blocks and urban slums and disadvantaged sections and supplementary nutrition programme implemented as part of ICDS.
6. Provision of connectivity to all unconnected villages and habitations.

7 Streamlining of the Public Distribution System with a focus on the poor.

The BMS programme has been discontinued from the year 2000-01. In its place, Pradhan Mantri Gramodaya Yojana (PMGY) has been launched from the current year. The PMGY envisages additional central assistance for selected services. These are education, health, shelter, drinking water and nutrition. In addition rural roads have been given priority under the scheme for which a separate provision of Rs.2500 crores has been made in the current year.

(c) Statewise allocation of Additional Central Assistance (ACA) for PMGY programme for the current year except the rural road component is at Annexure-I.

(d) No, Sir.

(e) & (f) Does not arise in view of the above.

Annexure-I

ALLOCATION OF ACA FOR PMGY-2000-01

(Rs.in Lakh)

Sr No.	Name of States/UTs.	ACA 2000-01
	Non Special Category States	
1	Andhra Pradesh	14206.00
2	Bihar	28725.00
3	Goa	78.00
4	Gujarat	6479.00
5	Haryana	1678.00
6	Karnataka	7513.00
7	Kerala	6908.00
8	Madhya Pradesh	11377.00
9	Maharashtra	9913.00
10	Orissa	9855.00
11	Punjab	4040.00
12	Rajasthan	9640.00
13	Tamil Nadu	10479.00
14	Uttar Pradesh	34891.00
15	West Bengal	16782.00
	Sub total	172564.00
	Spl. Category	
1	Arunachal Pradesh	6817.00
2	Assam	17957.00
3	Himachal Pradesh	7061.00
4	Jammu & Kashmir	17158.00
5	Manipur	4856.00
6	Meghalaya	4059.00
7	Mizoram	4041.00
8	Nagaland	4113.00
9	Sikkim	2811.00
10	Tripura	5083.00
	Sub total	73956.00
	Union Territories	
1	NCT of Delhi	1105.00
2	Pondicherry	477.00
3	A & N Island	1027.00
4	Chandigarh	456.00
5	Dadra & Nagar	132.00
6	Lakshadweep	177.00
7	Daman & Diu	106.00

Sub total 3480.00

Grand Total 250000.00